Open-Source In-Memory Platforms

Benefits of Coming Out of the Closet

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Short bio:

Got addicted to Linux back in 1994

Member of Linux Foundation

Member of Apache Software Foundation

Apache Bigtop project founder; Apache Hadoop committer

Committer, PMC member, contributor to may ASF projects

Mentor of multiple Apache Incubator projects

Ignite, Geode, Groovy, Zeppelin

Background in compilers, JVM, distrubuted computing, system integration & architecture

2015: got invited to IMCS to talk about FOSS

Open-source / Open community

- Open source is easy
 - Jump to a "social development" site (Bitbucket, Github)
 - Pick up a license you like: (L)GPL, ASL, MIT, BSD
 - while true; do <code>; done
- You might be lucky to recruite a lot of volunteers
- A selected group mostly owns the project road map
- Adoption might be an issue as the future is unknown



Open-source / Open community

- Open community is way harder
 - Place to collaborate; meritocracy
 - Consensus building / Conflicts resolution
 - Continuity: avoiding 'hit by the bus' situations
 - Protection of project brand (under some licenses)
 - Legal shielding and takeover protection
 - Infrastructure management
 - Projects cross-polination
- "Community over code"



In-memory: what's FOSS'ing?

- Was sorta quiet up to pretty much 2012
 - Spark appeared & gained momentum quickly
 - Great improvement on MapReduce
 - Solved many shortcomings of MR
- Then nothing spectacular was happening until
 - 2014: Apache Ignite (incubating) from GridGain
 - 2015: Apache Geode (incubating) from Pivotal



open-source or open community

- FOSS foundations facilitate open communities
- Spark: from a relatively small GitHub project to the most active Apache BigData project in 2 years
- Apache Ignite: doubling committer base in 5 months; quadrupling the user base
- Apache Geode: check the talk @IMCS!



Apache Bigdata Stack.next

Apache Bigtop: From #BigData to #FastData

Solving the complexity

#BigData



Apache Bigtop primer

- A project, environment, and a phylosophy to:
 - Define and create software stacks (think Debian)
 - Deploy and validate actual software in the real world
 - Configuration management
- Guarantees of consistency and compatiblity
- Empirical vs Rational
 - don't rely on someone's hearsay
 - don't assume an environment: contol it

One stack to rule them all

Apache Bigdata stack

- Bigtop is the cutting edge of Apache Bigdata stack
- Delivers:
 - A ready data processing stack
 - Dev. env. for anyone to create their own
 - Framework for easy integration/deployment/validation
 - "It works on my laptop" isn't cool anymore
- 0.x release series was focused on Hadoop ecosystem



10K view of Bigdata

- There's more than just Hadoop
- Hadoop is mere 5-10% of all Bigdata usecases
 - Good for processing data in parallel
 - Analytics and ML
- But it is NOT ideal...
 - Suboptimal resource scheduling
 - Batch oriented (mostly)



What's missing

- Hadoop is all about batch
 - MR is slow and heavyly IO-bound
 - 2nd generation of tools might be a bit more interactive
- SQL is the most popular data access interface
 - yet immature in Hadoop ecosystem
- Supporting transactions is very hard
- Almost everything is HDFS-bound
 - Performance... performance
- Scarce In-Memory Computing presence

IMC: what is that?

- technically, any computing gets done in memory, but...
 - "IMC: middleware software that stores data in RAM, across a cluster of computers, and process it in parallel"
- Why In-Memory Computing?
 - RAM is about 5,000 faster than HDD
 - RAM is about 1,500-2,000 faster than SSD



Apache In-Memory Computing

#FastData



Let's get serious about IMC

- Bigtop boards more & more IMC(-like) components
- Provides transitional tech for legacy MR-based users HDFS acceleration
 - MR acceleration
- Uses RAM as inter-component data media
 - Crossing component boundaries w/o leaving RAM
 - Advanced clustering and service models

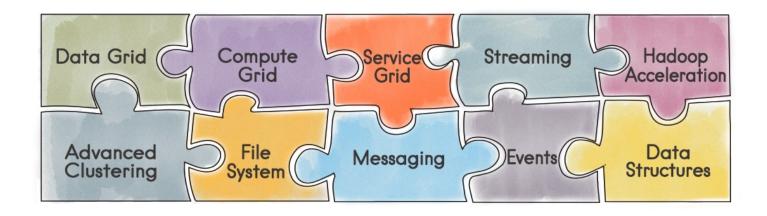


Connecting the stack

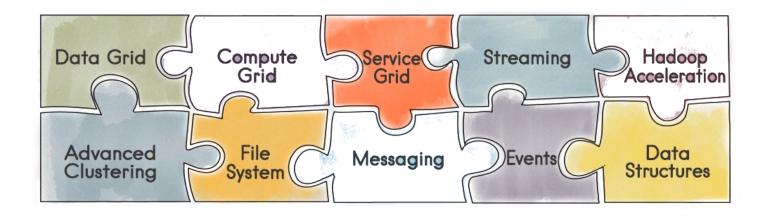
- Bigtop Data Fabric Core:
 - Works with HDFS/RDBMS/MR/Hive/Hbase/Spark/Storm/SQL
- Cluster memory is a natural media to exchange data
- A probable usecase:
 - Kafka --> Data Fabric --> HBase --> Data Fabric -->
 SQL querying --> Spark --> A service Singlethon
 --> Data Fabric --> RDBMS or FS



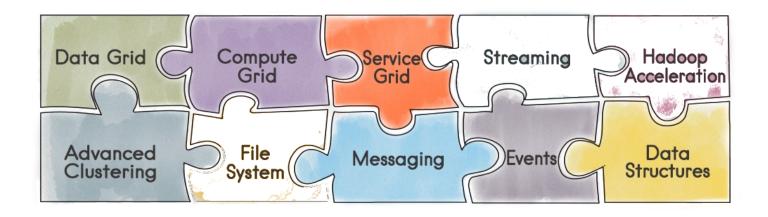
Data Fabric: what is that?



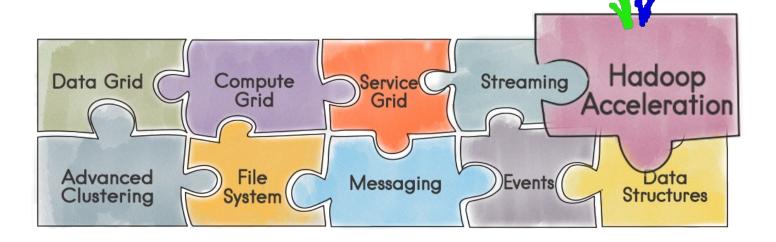
Data Fabric: customize



Data Fabric: ... some more

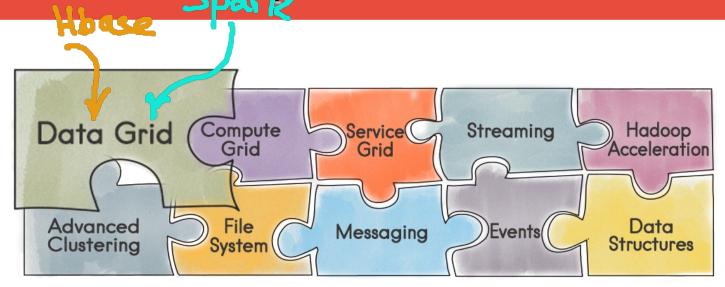


Transitory legacy support ///

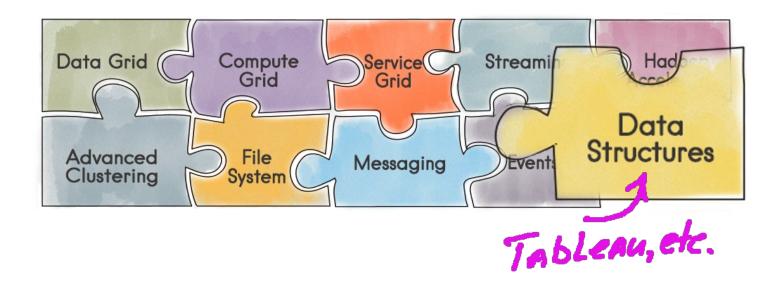


Direct Streaming 544 Streaming Data Grid Compute Grid doop Grid Acceleration File Advanced Events Data Messaging Clustering **Structures** System

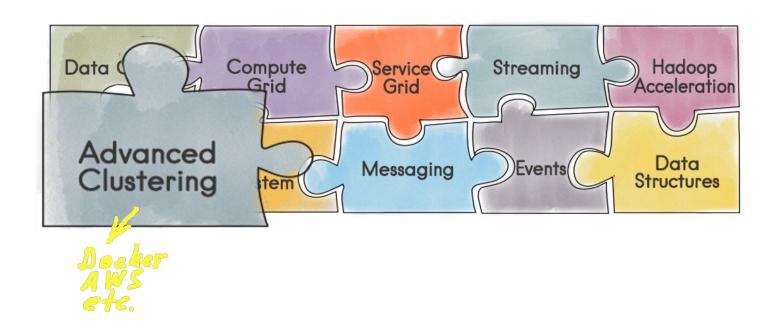
ML and NoSQL on fabric

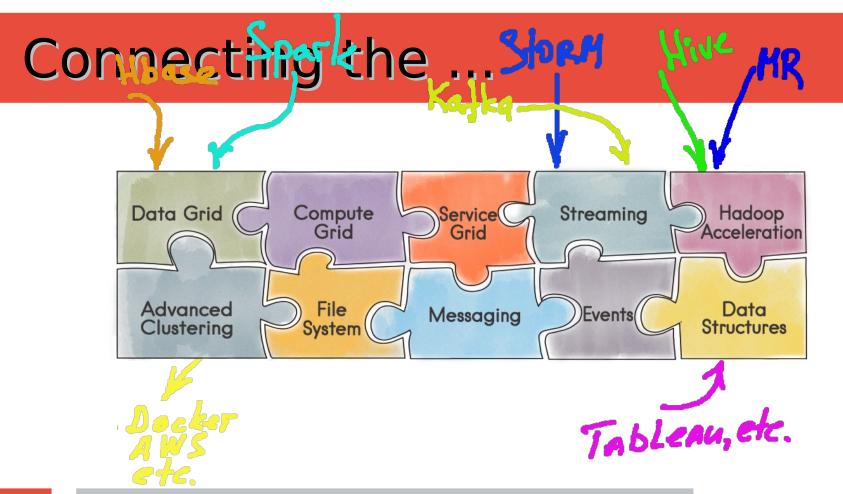


Analysing w/ 3rd party tools



Deploy nodes everywhere





Live Demo

- Deploy Apache Ignite (incubating)
- Run MR Pi on YARN
- Run same MR Pi against Data Frabric:
 - Only client config needs to be changed
- Gasp at the difference

Final recap

- Build your project in the open
- Open community helps in many ways
- Find a good foundation to be your home
- Be inclusive and welcoming
 - a developer from a competitor can be a great contributor and a friend
- There's no "boss" in open source
- Keep coding: your code is your best resume!

Q & A



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